

# Supplemental Information to Determine Position Designation



# The OPM Position Designation System (PDS)

- The OPM Position Designation System is designed to:
  - Determine the level of background investigation required for a position based on the overall responsibility of a position.
  - Determine any possible adverse impact the position could have in terms of integrity and efficiency of government service.
  - Meet Federal and Agency requirements
    - Executive Order 10450, Security Requirements for Government Employment dated 17 April 1953
    - Title 5 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), part 731 Suitability
    - Title 5 Code of Federal Regulation, Part 732 Security
    - Executive Order 13467, Reforming Processes Related to Suitability for Government Employment, Fitness for Contractor Employees, and Eligibility for Access to Classified National Security Information dated June 30, 2008
    - Draft DODI NUMBER 1400.25, Volume 731



# Actions that Require a Position Designation Decision Form (PDDF)

- This form is completed by managers/supervisors for:
  - Position changes (i.e. Promotions, Reassignments, etc.)
  - New hires
- ❖ NOTE: Only one PDDF is needed for each position (regardless if there are numerous employees on the same position description). The original will be maintained with the original position description.



### **Getting Started**

- You will need the following to complete the PDDF:
  - Appendix M
  - Position Description
  - Command's/Directorate's Functional Statements

**NOTE:** This document is to be used solely as *guidance* to help you in determining position designation.



### **Useful Terms**

### Integrity

 The condition that exists when information is unchanged from its source and has not been accidentally or intentionally modified, altered, or destroyed.

#### Efficiency

 The degree to which a system or component performs its designated functions with minimum consumption of resources.

### Adverse Impact

 An act or occurrence that results in a negative outcome and/or damage of an asset, program, mission, or operation thereby delaying or interrupting performance for a specified short period of time.



#### **PDDF Includes 4 Parts**

Header

I. Program Designation

II. Position Risk Designation

III. Position Designation



## Completing the Header Information

 Fill out the header information at the top of the Form to include:

- Agency (HQMC/I&L)
- Program (Organizational Code)
- Position Title, Series, & Grade
- Position Description Number





### **Completing Part I**

### I. Program Designation



# Determining "Program Designation"

#### Program is defined as:

 The mission, functions, activities, laws, rules, and regulations that you are authorized and funded by statute to carry out. Typically, programs involve broad objectives; however, specialized or staff programs may be considerably narrower in scope.

#### Things to consider:

- A program may be professional, scientific, technical, administrative, or fiscal in nature.
- The focus of a program may be on providing products and services internally and/or externally to HQMC.



# Things to Consider When Determining "Impact"

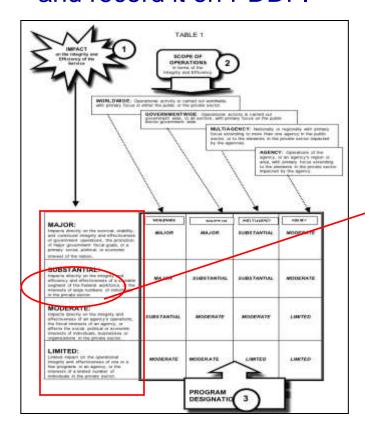
### Impact:

- What type of service is the program funded to provide?
- What impact could the service have on the integrity and efficiency of the government?



### Documenting "Impact" on the PDDF

 Using the definitions in Appendix M, Table 1, identify the level of impact (Major, Substantial, Moderate, or Limited) of the *program* and record it on PDDF.



A55A	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	POSITION DESIGNATION RECORD
AGENCY:		PROGRAM:
POSITION	TITLE, SERIES & GRAD	€:
POSITION	DESCRIPTION #:	01.5
		RISK DESIGNATION SYSTEM
	. PROGRAM D	ESIGNATION
IMPAC	T, Integrity & Efficiency of	of Service
		& Efficiency of Service
PROGR	RAM DESIGNATION (M	ajor, Substantial, Moderate, Limited)
II. POSI	TION BISK DESIGN	ACTION POINTS
111	SK FACTORS & POINT	'S:
339	DEGREE OF PUB	ILIC TRUST
	FIDUCIARY RESP	PONSIBILITIES
	IMPORTANCE TO	PROGRAM
	PROGRAM AUTH	IORITY LEVEL
	SUPERVISION RE	ECEIVED
		TOTAL POINTS
III. POS	ITION DESIGNATIO	<u>N</u>
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		TION
	ADJUSTMENTS FOR	UNIQUENESS AND UNIFORMITY? COMMENTS:
National	Security Position (Y or	Ni
	pe of Access Requires	
11/6/4/14/11		
	FINAL DESIGNAT	TION (Risk tevel/Sensitivity level/Access level)
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p	RINTED NAME & SIGNATUR	E OF PROGRAM POSITION DESIGNATOR:
	ATE:	



### Things to Consider When Determining the "Scope of Operations"

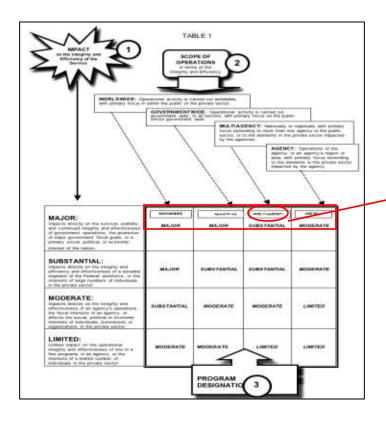
### Scope of Operations:

- What is the program's span of operations? (See definitions in Appendix M, Table 1.)
- In terms of the primary focus of the program's scope of operations, who does the service affect?



### Documenting "Scope of Operations" on the PDDF

 Using the definitions in Appendix M, Table 1, identify the Scope of Operations (Worldwide, Governmentwide, MultiAgency, Agency) of the *program* and record it on PDDF.

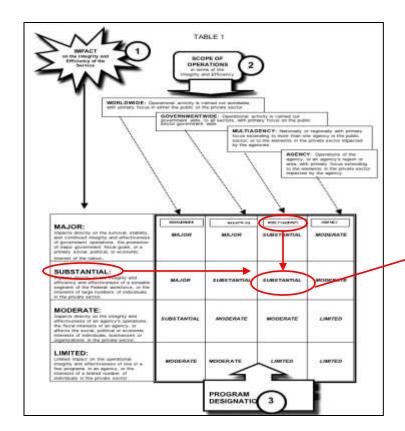


National Aeronautics and Space Administration	POSITION DESIGNATION RECORD
AGENCY:	PROGRAM:
POSITION TITLE, SERIES &	GRADE:
POSITION DESCRIPTION #:	984-8074 (cf.
	RISK DESIGNATION SYSTEM
I. PROGR	AM DESIGNATION
IMPACT, Integrity & Effici	ency of Service
	tegrity & Efficiency of Service
	ON (Major, Substantial, Moderate, Limited)
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	AUTHORITY LEVEL
	ON RECEIVED
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	TOTAL POINTS.
III. POSITION DESIGN	ATION
UNADJUSTED R	ISK LEVEL   Hote "(c)" after the risk level if
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National Security Position	FOR UNIQUENESS AND UNIFORMITY? COMMENTS:
If Yes, Type of Access Re	
ii res, type of Access no	quite (5/13/50).
FINAL DESIG	INATION (Risk level/Sensitivity level/Access level)
	UM INVESTIGATION
MINIM	OM INVESTIGATION
PRINTED NAME & SIG	NATURE OF PROGRAM POSITION DESIGNATOR:
DATE	



# Determining "Program Designation"

Using Appendix M, Table 1, identify the final *Program Designation*(Major, Substantial, Moderate, Limited) by finding the intersection of
the Impact row and Scope column and record it on the PDDF.



National Aeronautics and Space Administration	POSITION DESIGNATION RECORD
AGENCY:	PROGRAM:
POSITION TITLE, SERIES & GRA	ADE:
POSITION DESCRIPTION #:	95.97-15
	RISK DESIGNATION SYSTEM
I. PROGRAM	DESIGNATION
IMPACT, Integrity & Efficience	y of Service
SCOPE of Operations, Integri	ity & Efficiency of Service
PROGRAM DESIGNATION	(Major, Substantial, Moderate, Limited)
II. POSITION RISK DESIG	INATION POINTS
RISK FACTORS & POI	
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	SPONSIBILITIES
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SUPERVISION	RECEIVED
	TOTAL POINTS
III. POSITION DESIGNAT	ION
UNADJUSTED RISK	LEVEL Flois "(c)" after the risk level if
	ATION
ADJUSTMENTS FO	R UNIQUENESS AND UNIFORMITY? COMMENTS:
National Security Position (Y	
If Yes, Type of Access Requir	
FINAL DESIGNA	ATION (Risk level/Senaltivity level/Access level)
	INVESTIGATION
minimon	INVESTIGATION
PRINTED NAME & SIGNATI	URE OF PROGRAM POSITION DESIGNATOR:
DATE:	

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### **Completing Part II**

### **II. Position Risk Designation Points**



# Determining "Position Risk Designation Points"

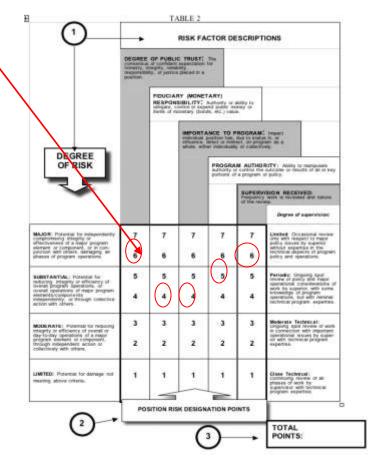
- This section determines the degree of risk that a position poses to the program as it relates to the integrity and efficiency of the service.
- Managers/Supervisors assign points to each risk factor to numerically reflect the degree of risk. (The greater the degree of risk, the higher the point value assigned to the risk factor.)
- There are five risk factor areas:
  - Degree of Public Trust
  - Fiduciary Responsibility
  - Importance To Program
  - Program Authority
  - Supervision Received
- The result is a numerical representation of the relative degree of risk.



# **Determining Position Risk Designation Points (Cont.)**

Using Appendix M, Table 2, identify the Risk Points associated

with the position in each Risk Factor.





### Things to Consider When Determining "Degree of Public Trust"

#### Degree of Public Trust:

- If the incumbent of this position was not being honest, reliable or using integrity at the level expected, what impact could this behavior have on the program?
- How much trust is put into the incumbent of this position?
- Within the scope of the responsibilities of the position, to what degree of risk could the incumbent of the position affect the accomplishments of the program's mission?



### Things to Consider When Determining "Fiduciary Responsibilities"

- Fiduciary Responsibility = Monetary Responsibility:
  - Does this position obligate, control or expend money such as:
    - ❖Purchase goods for the government
    - Authorize personnel actions such as promotions or awards
    - Spend government funds
    - Monitor a budget
  - Within the scope of the responsibilities of the position, to what degree of risk could the incumbent cause financial damage to the program?



### Things to Consider When Determining "Importance to the Program"

#### Importance to the Program:

- Does this position have the status or influence to adversely impact the program?
- Within the scope of the responsibilities of the position, to what degree of risk could the incumbent's status or ability to influence others have on the impact of the program?



# Things to Consider When Determining "Program Authority"

### Program Authority:

- Does the incumbent of the position have authority to create or make changes to policy?
- Does the incumbent of the position have the ability to independently make changes to the program?
- Within the scope of the responsibilities of the position, to what degree of risk could the incumbent of the position manipulate authority or control the outcome of a program?



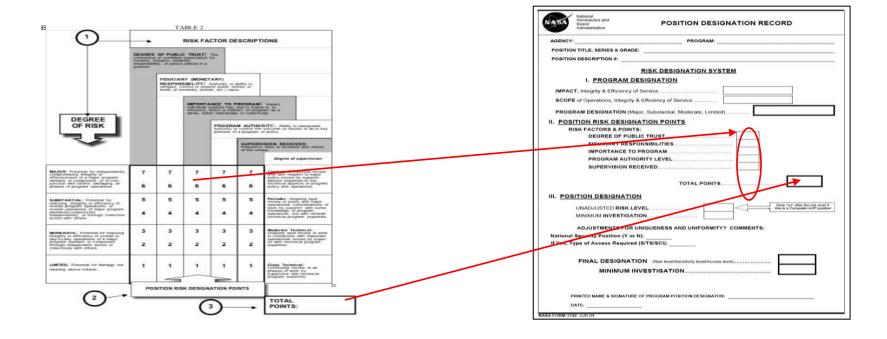
### Things to Consider When Determining "Supervision Received"

- Supervision Received Determination is made based on the supervisory section of the position description and the degree of supervision definitions found on the right hand column of Appendix M, Table 2. Generally, the points can be assigned according to grade levels as listed below:
  - Positions at the GS-14 level or higher generally fall under a limited degree of supervision with points ranging from 6 to 7.
  - Positions at the GS-12 & 13 levels generally fall under a **periodic** degree of supervision with points ranging from 4 to 5.
  - Positions at the GS-9 & 11 levels generally fall under a moderate technical degree of supervision with points ranging from 2 to 3.
  - Positions at the GS-8 level or below generally fall under a close technical degree of supervision with 1 point.



### Documenting "Total Points" on the PDDF

- Record the Position Risk Designation Points on PDDF
- Total all Risk Points (Example: 6+4+4+5+6 = 25) and record the total.





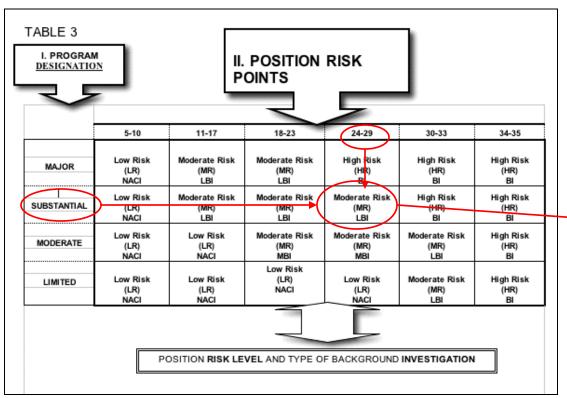
### **Completing Part III**

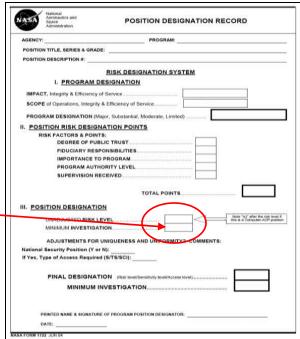
### **III. Position Designation**



### Determining "Unadjusted Risk Level" and "Minimum Investigation"

 Using Appendix M, Table 3, the Program Designation, and the Position Risk Points, determine the *Unadjusted Risk Level* and *Minimum Investigative Requirements* and record them on the PDDF



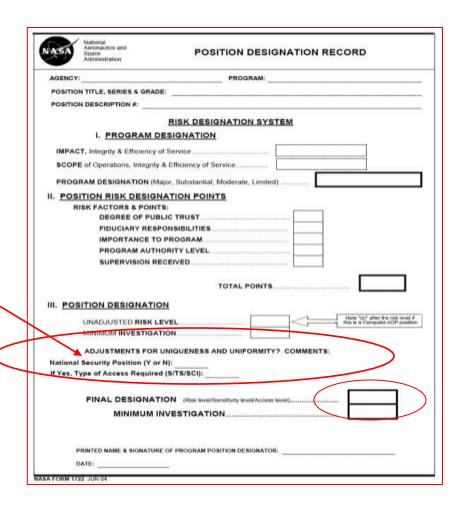




### Determining "Adjustments for Uniqueness and Uniformity"

- Use Appendix M to review for *Uniqueness* and *Uniformity* factors and decide if any are applicable to the position.
- If there are any Uniqueness or Uniformity adjustment factors, list them under the comments section.

**NOTE:** Adjustments made for *Uniqueness* and *Uniformity* often serve to raise the risk level of the final designation.





## Determining Computer/ADP Positions

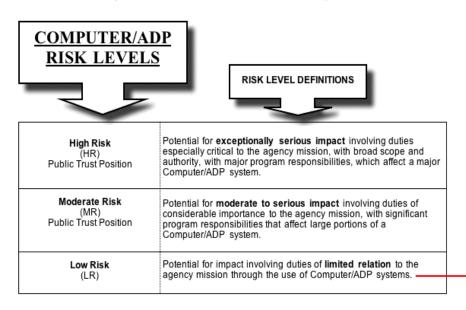
 Determining a Computer/ADP position risk level is an adjustment factor for both uniqueness and uniformity and tends to raise the risk level designation.

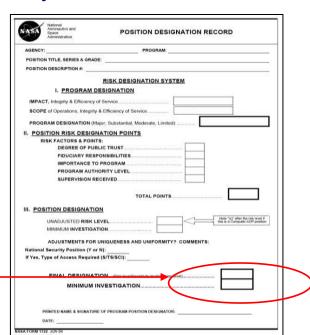


## Risk Levels for Computer/ADP Positions

- If a Computer/ADP position, go to Section III on the form and indicate a "C" after the unadjusted risk level.
- Using the chart below, determine the adjusted risk level for Computer/ADP positions and record it on the PDDF in the Adjust

Adjustments for Uniqueness and Uniformity section.







### Determining "National Security Positions"

A sensitive position is defined as "...any position within a
department or agency the occupant of which could bring about,
by virtue of the nature of the position, a material adverse effect
on the National Security." National Security positions often
requires a security clearances.



### Determining "National Security Positions"

- Determine if the position is a *National Security Position*.
- Indicate "Y" or "N" on the PDDF.
- Position is a National Security
  Position, please contact the Security
  Office to complete the appropriate
  forms and determine the type of
  access required, sensitivity level and
  level of background investigation.
- Be sure to fill in the information on the PDDF in the Adjustments for Uniqueness and Uniformity section.

Aeronautics and Space Administration	POSITION DESIGNATION RECORD
AGENCY:	PROGRAM:
POSITION TITLE, SERIES &	GRADE:
POSITION DESCRIPTION #	September 1990
	RISK DESIGNATION SYSTEM
I. PROGR	AM DESIGNATION
IMPACT, Integrity & Effic	siency of Service
SCOPE of Operations, In	ntegrity & Efficiency of Service
PROGRAM DESIGNATI	ON (Major, Substantial, Moderate, Limited)
II. POSITION RISK DI	ESIGNATION POINTS
	RESPONSIBILITIES
	ICE TO PROGRAM
PROGRAM	AUTHORITY LEVEL
SUPERVIS	ION RECEIVED
	TOTAL POINTS
III. POSITION DESIGN	NATION
UNADJUSTED	RISK LEVEL L Hotz "(x)" after the risk level if
	STIGATION
	FOR UNIQUENESS AND UNIFORMITY? COMMENTS:
National Security Positio	
If Yes, Type of Access R	NATIONAL CONTRACTOR AND
	25.040 082 312 425 -
FINAL DESI	SNATION (Risk level/Sensitivity level/Access level)
	IUM INVESTIGATION
	The Anthony Constitution of the Constitution o
PRINTED NAME & SIC	SNATURE OF PROGRAM POSITION DESIGNATOR:



### **Determining "Final Designation"**

- ☐ If there are no adjustments, your final designation will be the same as the *Unadjusted Risk Level* and *Minimum Investigation* from Section III PDDF.
- ☐ If there are adjustments, the higher level of investigation must be used as the final designation.
- See examples to the right as found in Appendix M, Section C.

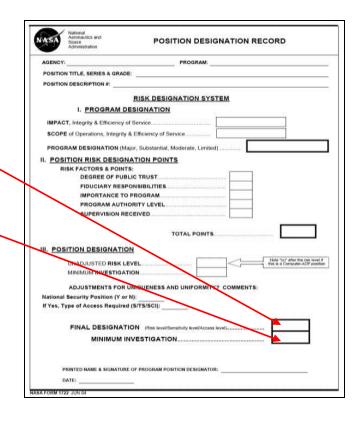
<u>•</u>				
POSITION DESIGNATION	MINIMUM INVESTIGATION	FINAL DESIGNATION	ADJUSTED INVESTIGATION	REQUIRED INVESTIGATION
EXAMPLE 1:	BI	NCS/Secret	ANACI	ві
BI is a higi	her level back	ground investig	ation than an	ANACI and
therefore EXAMPLE 2:	e must be use	d as the final, n	ninimum inve	stigation.
LR	NACI	CS/Top Secret	SSBI	SSBI
EXAMPLE 3:	МВІ	NCS/No Access	NONE	МВІ
EXAMPLE 4:				
HR	ВІ	SS/SCI	SSBI	SSBI
EXAMPLE 5:				
LR	NACI	NCS/Confidential	ANACI	ANACI



# Determining "Final Designation" (Cont.)

- Enter the final designation on NASA Form 1722.
- See examples below as found in Appendix M, Section C.

POSITION DESIGNATION	MINIMUM INVESTIGATION	FINAL DESIGNATION	ADJUSTED INVESTIGATION	REQUIRED INVESTIGATION
EXAMPLE 1:	ВІ	NCS/Secret	ANACI	BI
EXAMPLE 2:	NACI	CS/Top Secret	SSBI	SSBI
EXAMPLE 3:	МВІ	NCS/No Access	NONE	мві
EXAMPLE 4:	ВІ	SS/SCI	SSBI	SSBI
EXAMPLE 5:	NACI	NCS/Confidential	ANACI	ANACI



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### Finishing Touches

- □ Supervisor must print name, sign, and date PDDF.
- □ Forward the completed PDDF, with the position description, to your servicing Human Resources
   Specialist.

